

Food and Agriculture **Organization of the Jnited Nations**



General Fisheries Commission for he Mediterranean

GFCM study on "Women in fisheries in the Mediterranean and Black Sea region: roles, challenges and opportunities" Key outcomes and conclusions

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MEDAC FG Equal Opportunities | 20 June 2024

GFCM: THE RFMO FOR THE MEDITERRANEAN AND THE BLACK SEA



OBJECTIVES

Federate efforts of countries towards:

- the conservation and sustainable use of living marine resources at all levels (biological, social, economic and environmental)
- the sustainable development of aquaculture





Improving knowledge and better supporting women in fisheries



GFCM study on Women in fisheries in the Mediterranean and Black Sea

- Published on 8 March 2024 (Women's Day!)
- https://openknowledge.fao.org/handle/20.500.14283/cc9869en



Rationale: Institutional framework





Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

The Regional Plan of Action for Small-Scale Fisheries in the Mediterranean and the Black Sea



GF(M 2030 STRATEGY

FOR SUSTAINABLE FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE IN THE MEDITERRANEAN AND THE BLACK SEA



TARGET 4. LIVELIHOODS: DECENT EMPLOYMENT AND ENGAGED FISHERS TOWARDS PROFITABLE FISHERIES



Strengthening the role of women

Rationale

Need to better understand what forms our collective perception of the fishing sector in this region....



Rationale

Need to better understand what forms our collective perception of the fishing sector in this region....

...and how we can ensure women are part of this picture



Lack of data on the contribution of women to the sector

A lack of accurate information on the role of women in the sector risks relegating the issues faced by women in decision-making processes and when designing policies and programmes

This can lead to:

- potential marginalization of women
- inadvertent discrimination
- widening of existing gender inequalities

We also miss out on the valuable knowledge and experience women bring!



GFCM study on Women in fisheries in the Mediterranean and Black Sea



Study objectives:

- clearer estimates quantifying women's employment in the sector;
- 2. shed light on existing challenges and and decision-making; and
- 3. provide actionable recommendations to support the visibility and participation of women in the sector.

1. Consolidate available information and **produce**

opportunities for women, including access to resources, mobility, information and training,



In the Mediterranean and Black Sea region and around the world, women are engaged in all stages of the fisheries value chain, but a lack of genderdisaggregated fisheries employment data, as well as a lack of data on unpaid or informal fisheries work, means that women's contributions to the economies of coastal communities remain largely underestimated and undervalued.

Quantifying women working in fisheries



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Quantifying women working in fisheries: SMALL-SCALE FISHERIES

108 000 women estimated in Mediterranean and Black Sea SMALL-SCALE fisheries (26%)



Pre-harvest -Women

- Pre-harvest Men
- **N** Harvest Women
- Harvest Men
- Norther Norther Northern
- Post-harvest Men

100%

Challenges and opportunities

Women occupy about one in three fisheries-related jobs across the Mediterranean and Black Sea region, with notable variations in their participation depending on the value chain stage and subregion.



Yet women face obstacles to their full and equal participation in fisheries due to barriers to owning assets and accessing finances and information, as well as limitations on their mobility.

But promising initiatives promoting their engagement throughout the region serve as good practice examples.





Promote gender-sensitive projects and trainings

Actions:

- \rightarrow initial phase of any policy, project or initiative in the sector.
- Identify key female stakeholders for participation or engagement.
- Facilitate women's access to trainings and project meetings by \rightarrow making sure that their limitations in terms of time and mobility are considered when designing schedules and choosing locations

Ensure that a gender analysis or assessment is carried out in the

Support women's organizations







Remove barriers and inequalities

Actions:

- **Provide training** to women on topics such as fish-processing technologies, access to new markets, and setting up a business.
- Support the **financial inclusion of women** in the fisheries sector. \rightarrow
- Provide or facilitate access to relevant equipment. \rightarrow
- Improve access to social protection programmes for women \rightarrow working in the fisheries sector, including by enhancing coordination with relevant social ministries and ensuring that social registries capture and recognize women working in the sector.

Raise awareness

Actions:

→ Raise awareness of women's contributions to the sector by enhancing the visibility of women in communications materials and other knowledge products on the sector.



Improve data

Actions	S:
\rightarrow	Facilitate the collection of gender-disaggregated data , particularly for fisheries-based employment along the value chain, as well as other socioeconomic indicators.
\rightarrow	Provide an option for CPCs to submit gender-disaggregated data via the DCRF , when available.
\rightarrow	Ensure that data are collected for all fishing activities (including non-vessel-based fishing where women may be most active) and that they capture fisheries-based employment in the pre- and post-harvest sectors .



Recommendations: Improve data

Provide an option for CPCs to submit gender-disaggregated data via the DCRF, when available.

FIGURE 81. Percentage of GFCM contracting parties and cooperating non-contracting parties collecting employment data on small-scale fishing activities



DCRF Task VI.2 Mandatory data

Employment – the number of persons working on the active fishing vessels, both on a part-time and full-time basis (by GSA and fleet segment)

DCRF Task VI.4 Optional data **Full Time equivalent** – FTE employment, which equals the number of full-time equivalent jobs, is defined as total hours worked divided by the average annual number of hours worked in full-time jobs Number of persons in the crew:

- - < 25 years-old
 - 25-40 years-old
 - > 40 years-old



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Thank you for your attention

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