

Fisheries in the Adriatic region a shared ecosystem approach FAIRSEA

BIOECO – A multi-fleet and multi-stock model platform for mixed fisheries

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European Regional Development Fund

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# WP4 - Implementation of a shared and integrated platform

- The operational platform will integrate from the physical to the bio-economic dimension of the fishery into a spatial dynamic decision support tool.
- One of the component of the platform is:
  - ✓ BIOECO A multi-fleet and multi-stock model for mixed fisheries, which includes a module on the multicriteria decision analysis (MCDA) to weight sustainability objectives.





## The fishery management and its strategic objectives

#### Common targets :

- guarantee *biological*, *economic* and *social* sustainability;
- monitoring and incorporating stock assessment;
- balancing fishing pressure with the capacity of the stocks;
- risk evaluation of stock collapse and fleet unprofitability;
- improvement of the exploitation pattern (e.g. delay the size at first capture to mitigate growth overfishing and reduce discard)



Need to integrate stock and fleet-based indicators through BIO-ECONOMIC models





## The bioeconomic model BEMTOOL (v3): main structure

BEMTOOL a **multi-fleet** and multiple stocks **bio-economic model** in **R** software, mimicking the effects of *management strategies (scenarios)* on the stocks and on the mixed fisheries:

- stock dynamics;
- economic and social performances;
- > length/age-specific selection effects;
- discard (estimation, discard survivability);
- effects of compliance with landing obligation;
- reference points (MSY, MEY);
- uncertainty and risk evaluation;
- decision modelling (*MCDA and MAUT*, e.g Rossetto et *al.*, 2014)





## The bioeconomic model BEMTOOL (v3): workflow







Explore the bio-economic benefits of hake recruitment protection in Ligurian Sea and northern Tyrrhenian Sea (GSA 9), accounting for the **spatial dimension** of fisheries management and the role of **protection networks** in supporting fisheries in their surroundings.

The basis for the scenarios was the **time or spatial closure of nursery areas**.

Evaluations focused on:

- the state of the stock (F/F<sub>MSY</sub>; SSB);
- the fisheries profitability (landings, revenues);
- the reduction of the impact on the recruits (discard volume, mean length of catches);
- effects on economic and social indicators.

Seasonal closure by fleet/ground (following recruitment peaks) differentiated according to the relative impact to nursery grounds





#### THE SET OF MANAGEMENT SCENARIOS

(S1) - Status quo (baseline, SQ);

 (S2) - Seasonal fishing ban (following recruitment peaks) for one or more fleet segments associated to a nursery ground. Flat/synchronised closure by fleet/ground (SFBf);

(S3) - Seasonal fishing ban (following recruitment peaks) for one or more fleet segments associated to a nursery ground. Closure by fleet/ground differentiated according to the relative impact (SFBd);

(S4) - Closure of nursery grounds (SC).





#### **SCENARIO MODELLING IN PRACTICE**



Proportion of recruits entering in the stock by month

Temporal closures synchronized or differentiated by fleet segment.

#### Spatial closure all year round for trawlers (excluding OTB\_Lig\_VL1224)

		SC1-SQ								SC2-SFBf								SC3-SFBd									SC4-SC																									
Fleet segment	J	F	Μ	A	۱	Μ	J	J	Α	S	0	N		D	J I	F	М	Α	Ν	<b>V</b>	l	/	4	5 (	0	Ν	D	l	F	М	Α	Μ	J	J	Α	S	0	Ν	D	J	F	М	Α	M	l	J	Α	S	0	)	V	D
OTB_Lig_VL1224																																																				
OTB_ViaLiv_VL1224																																																				
OTB_ATS_VL1224																																																				
OTB_Lazio_VL1240																																																				
GNS_LazioS_VL0624																																																				
GNS_Lig_VL1224																																																				
GNS_ATS_VL1224																																																				





#### **EFFECTS ON INDICATORS**







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All scenarios are comparable and perform better than SQ (S1)







In S2 and S3 revenues are slightly increasing compared to the SQ despite the activity limitation







S4 performs better than the other scenarios that however highlight an improvement compared to S, which is getting down the reference point =1 (at BER profit is 0)





#### SYNTHESIS FROM THE MCDA ROUTINE IN BEMTOOL







## Applications of BEMTOOL.v3 - Demersal fisheries in the **Adriatic-Ionian Region**



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characteristics of demersal fisheries of GSA 19 analyzed focusing on M. merluccius, M. barbatus, A. foliacea and P. longirostris.

Significant improvements of the exploitation pattern by introducing spatial and/or temporal gearspecific bans of the fishing activity (differentiated fishing ban by rotation of the areas)

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#### A Holistic Approach to Fishery Management: Evidence and Insights from a Central Mediterranean Case Study (Western Ionian Sea)

Tommaso Russo 1,21, Isabella Bitetto 3\*1, Pierluigi Carbonara3, Roberto Carlucci4, Lorenzo D'Andrea<sup>1,2</sup>, Maria T. Facchini<sup>3</sup>, Giuseppe Lembo<sup>3</sup>, Porzia Maiorano<sup>4</sup>, Letizia Sion<sup>4</sup>, Maria T. Spedicato<sup>3</sup>, Angelo Tursi<sup>4</sup> and Stefano Cataudella<sup>1</sup>



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FIGURE 9 | Summary of the performance of the management scenarios compared to the status quo (difference in %) considering the following model-based indicators: spawning stock biomass (SSB), landing of target species, landing of other species, discards, revenues of target species, and revenues of other species.





Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Fleet segment

**TABLE 3** Differentiated fishing ban related to scenario S3.



The gray cells stands for month of fishing ban.

## Applications of BEMTOOL.v3 - Discard ban, landing obligation and MSY in the Western Mediterranean Sea



#### A quantatitave bio-economic analysis 5

u GVA u RBER



For discards, utility will be higher in the scenario of change in the exploitation pattern (Change EP).

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LO scenario was ineffective, except for the WAGE employment.

At smaller aggregation levels, i.e. fleet segment, results may depend by the indicator selected besides the specific fleet (source: authors)

GSA9_DTS_VL2440	Results in % to 2021											
	Salary	CR.BER	ROI	Revenues	Empl	Catch M. mer						
Scenario SQ	19148	1.266	0.078	2506907	30	38						
Scenario Change_EP	51.45	57.5	273.08	30.45	0	21.85						
Scenario ChangeEP_FBdiff	-0.33	-0.32	-1.28	-11.48	0	17.05						
Scenario EmsyALL_FS	45.36	50.71	241.03	-5.81	0	-8.26						
Scenario LO	-24.62	-2.21	-10.26	-0.27	30	0.51						
Scenario Red80onlyDTS	-14.21	-15.8	-75.64	-41.07	0	-48.04						
Scenario UpperF_ALL_FS	71.26	79.62	378.21	14.41	0	13.76						
Results in % to 2025												

GSA9_DIS_VL2440	Results III 70 to 2025												
	Salary	CR.BER	ROI	Revenues	Empl	Catch M. mer							
Scenario SQ	20743	1.384	0.112	2630563	30	40							
Scenario Change_EP	90.37	100.07	362.5	55.22	0	52.99							
Scenario ChangeEP_FBdiff	30.09	33.31	120.54	7.63	0	48.98							
Scenario FmsyALL_FS	72.33	80.06	290.18	13.07	0	15.91							
Scenario LO	-25.49	-3.47	-12.5	-1.04	30	-0.99							
Scenario Red80onlyDTS	5.66	6.29	23.21	-27.66	o	-32.58							
Scenario UpperF_ALL_FS	112	123.99	448.21	41.98	0	49.18							

25

22/11/2018 Presentation for the Committee on Fisheries

**Impact of discard** ban and the landing obligation evaluated on Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) of *M*. *merluccius* in GSAs 9-10-11 (western Mediterranean), taking into account the EU COM proposal on a multiannual plan for demersal fish stocks in the Italian regions of the western Mediterranean Sea.



# Applications of BEMTOOL.v3 - WKMSE 2018 simulations on small pelagic fisheries in the Adriatic Sea



## Conclusions

#### **BEMTOOLv.3 proved to be useful to:**

- Predict the effects of several alternative management measures on mixed fisheries, integrating biological, economic and social indicators
- differentiate the strategies by fleet in order to calibrate the measure according to the type of exploitation of each single fleet
- include different sources of uncertainty to support designing multi-annual management plans under an MSE framework
- include the MCDA component to balance the weight of different indicators, accounting for the different pillars of the sustainability: biological, economic, social







The forthcoming MAP for the fisheries exploiting demersal stocks in the Adriatic Sea – a new challenge





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## THANK YOU spedicato@coispa.it



